

2017

HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT ANNUAL REPORT



Fire Chief David Cunliffe Hamilton Fire Department March 2018



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HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT

HEALTHY AND SAFE COMMUNITIES DEPARTMENT CITY OF HAMILTON

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HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT LEADERSHIP TEAM

FIRE CHIEF

DEPUTY FIRE CHIEF

ASSISTANT DEPUTY CHIEF

DAVID CUNLIFFE

RANDY MOSS WILLIAM PITTMAN

SHAWN DEJAGER STEVE MILLER DAN MILOVANOVIC JOHN VERBEEK

YVETTE MCCORMICK

DIVISIONAL CHIEF OF ADMINISTRATION

AREA COMMANDER

EMERGENCY PLANNING COORDINATORS

RF SYSTEMS SPECIALIST (CORPORATE RADIO) CARLA MCCRACKEN CONNIE VERHAEGE

RON JEFFRIES

ROGER KNAPMAN

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HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT FIRE OPERATIONS

PLATOON CHIEF

DISTRICT CHIEF

MARK HODGE MARK HOMMERSON MARK MIDDLETON WAYNE PRYDE

PAUL BLOOMFIELD ENIO DINARDO LAWRENCE MICHOR JOHN PAWLIK TIM RANKIN CRAIG SQUIRES ART THOMAS

HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT OPERATIONAL SUPPORT AND COMMUNITY SAFETY

CHIEF FIRE PREVENTION OFFICER	ROBERT SIMPSON
ASSISTANT CHIEF FIRE PREVENTION OFFICER	PETER DEBOER
CHIEF OF TRAINING	DARRELL HICKS
CHIEF MECHANICAL OFFICER	BRIAN KEENAN
CHIEF COMMUNICATIONS OFFICER	TRISH SCHWEITZER

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A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF



It is my pleasure to present to you the Hamilton Fire Department 2017 Annual Report.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank all of the women and men of the Hamilton Fire Department who give of themselves everyday to serve the our City. Whether iťs citizens of our Communications personnel who answer the 911 calls and dispatch resources; our Fire Prevention staff who help educate our citizens and ensure buildings within the City are safe and up to code; our Mechanical Division personnel who ensure our apparatus and equipment are always ready to go

when required; our Training staff who ensure our staff have the necessary training to safely and competently perform their jobs or our front line firefighters who are always ready to respond and help our citizens in their time of need, we collectively work together to deliver valued services and to increase the level of trust and confidence with our citizens each and every day.

2017 has been a year of significant accomplishments and highlights for the Hamilton Fire Department that included being the first municipal service to post performance and service information data on the City's new citizen dashboard, completion of an updated and consolidated Departmental Policy and Procedures manual and implementation of a highly successful Home Fire Safety Education Program in May of 2017. Thanks to the efforts of our front line staff, in the first seven months of the program, we have attended 11,700 homes and installed 1,347 smoke alarms and 273 batteries. We continue to receive thanks from both citizens and staff on the importance and success of this program.

Our Department has also faced several tragic and significant events this past year that have challenged staff. As I reflect back on some of these incidents, it is the care, compassion and professionalism shown by staff that leaves me with a deep sense of pride.

Moving forward, we remain committed to finding ways to continually improve. Our focus will be to gain a better understand the level of risk and needs of the City so that we can optimize the utilization of our resources while delivering the required level of service.

In closing, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere thank you to Mayor Eisenberger and the members of Council for all of the support that they have shown the Hamilton Fire Department during 2017. Additionally, I would like to personally thank our Acting General Manager Vicki Woodcox for her unwavering support to both myself and this Department.

Fire Chief David Cunliffe

A HISTORICAL LOOK BACK

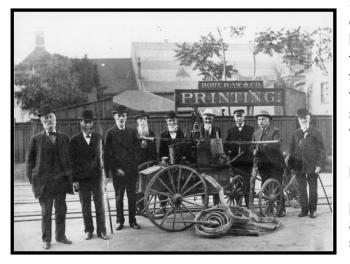
Rising from the ashes of a major fire in the downtown core of Hamilton on November 16, 1832, the Hamilton Fire Department has evolved from a citizen's bucket brigade into a fire service of over 750 personnel, including career and volunteer firefighters protecting our urban and rural communities.

Hamilton's first fire station was built in 1832 at 44 Hughson Street North followed by a second fire station built in 1836 at 55 King William Street. One hundred and eighty one year's later this location remains synonymous with the Hamilton Fire Department as it is where our west district Fire Prevention office is located.



Central Fire Station

In 1843, John Fisher; who operated a quarry at the corner of James and Merrick



1843 John Fisher Engine

Street, built a hand operated fire engine and donated it to the bucket brigade. This engine, towed by men with ropes was filled with water by buckets and then a hose was attached to the side. The men would then pump the water by hand. The John Fisher engine remains a prized possession of the Hamilton Fire Department to this day and is proudly displayed on the apparatus floor of Central fire station.

On January 14, 1879, the Hamilton Fire Department became a full time department and Alexander Aitchison was appointed Chief Engineer. Chief Aitchison inherited two old hose carts, a two horse hook and ladder truck, a supply wagon and a few horses. There were two Officers, seven permanent men and a 25 man call force that were paid only for attending alarms.

At that time, the Hamilton Fire Department protected an area of approximately four thousand acres with a population of almost 60,000 citizens.

By 1881, Chief Aitchison replaced the call men and there were now three Officers and 10 full time firemen. They were on duty 24hours a day with 75 minutes off to go home for a meal if they could make it. Chief Aitchison, whose motto was to get there fast, was killed in 1905 while responding to a fire when his horse drawn buggy collided with another fire engine at the corner of King and John Streets.

By 1919, the Hamilton Fire Department became the first Department in Canada to adopt a two platoon system. Also that year, Department the Hamilton Fire took possession of their first motorized piece of apparatus. Over the next seven years, additional motorized apparatus were purchased and in 1926, the horse drawn era came to an end on the Department.



1911 Seagrave

By 1929, a new fire alarm headquarters was built next to 55 King William Street and a fire alarm system with 45 alarm boxes located across the City was developed.

From 1945 – 1958, the gradual installation of communications equipment in all fire apparatus took place. In 1976 a sophisticated dispatch centre was opened at the King William Street location.

In 1979, the Hamilton Fire Department opened a five acre simulated fire and rescue complex on Stone Church Road East. This facility remained in place for 30 years. This location is now the home of the Multi-Agency Training Academy utilized by the Hamilton Fire Department, Hamilton Police Service and the Hamilton Paramedic Service.

The 1980's brought about a total task concept to service delivery with both firefighters and Fire Prevention personnel involved in enforcement of the Ontario Fire Code. The Hamilton Fire Department assumed responsibility for dispatching of alarms within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth.

Amalgamation took place in 2001 and fire departments from Ancaster, Dundas, Glanbrook, Flamborough and Stoney Creek merged with Hamilton to become one large Department.

Today, the Hamilton Fire Department provides services to a population of over 536,000 citizens in an area of approximately 1117 square kilometres. The Service operates from 30 remote sites including 26 fire stations, one Emergency Services Fleet Services Centre, one Fire Prevention business centre, one stores facility and the Multi-Agency Training Academy.

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

In Ontario, the fire service is regulated through Provincial legislation that includes the Fire Protection and Prevention Act (FPPA), 1997, S.O. 1997. Part II of the FPPA states that:

- 2. (1) every municipality shall,
- a) Establish a program in the municipality which must include public education with respect to fire safety and certain components of fire prevention; and
- b) Provide such other fire protection services as it determines may be necessary in accordance with its needs and circumstances.

The FPPA authorizes the Council of a Municipality to establish, maintain and operate a fire department for all or any part of the municipality and to pass bylaws regarding fire prevention.

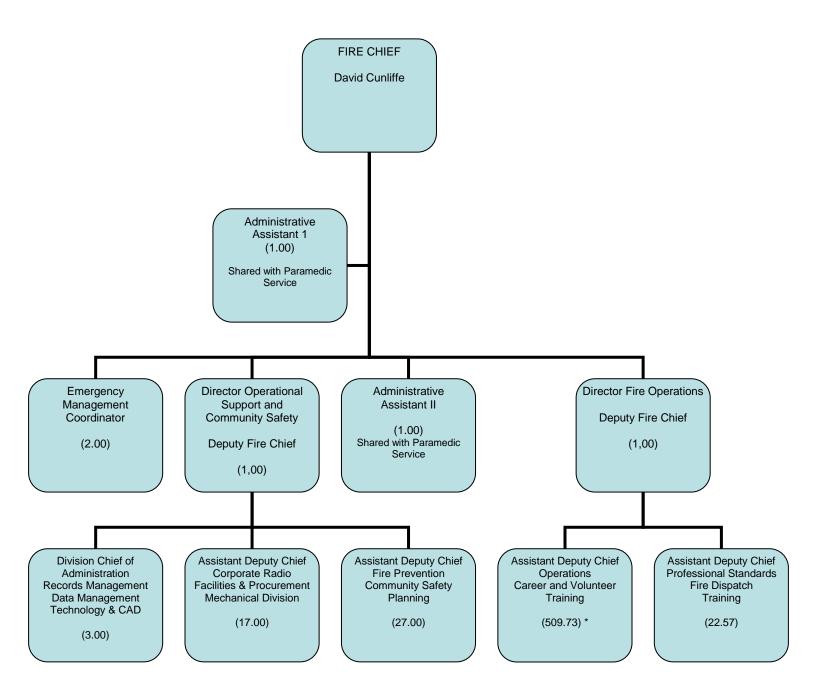


Municipal Council, obligated by the FPPA to provide fire protection services, must:

- Establish levels of service commensurate with needs and circumstances; and
- Provide fiscal resources for staffing, apparatus and equipment to support the level of service

Through our various Divisions, the Hamilton Fire Department provide to the citizens of Hamilton:

- Fire Prevention/Public Education and administration of the Ontario Fire Code and the Fire Protection and Prevention Act (FPPA)
- Fire Communications/Dispatch
- Fire Suppression (Firefighting Operations)
- Emergency Medical Service (Tiered response of both EMS and Fire)
- Co-ordination of City-Wide Trunked Radio Services
- Emergency Planning/Preparedness
- Mutual/Auto Aid agreements with neighbouring municipalities
- Mechanical services for both Fire and EMS
- Training of personnel in all aspects of services provided



Note * - Volunteer firefighter Head Count of 270 not included

RETIREMENTS

A significant turnover of staff continued in 2017 as we saw 40 of our personnel retire from the Hamilton Fire Department. Each of these women and men served the citizens of Hamilton with distinction and contributed in their own way to the history of our Department. We wish them all a healthy and happy retirement and thank them for their service.

Firefighter Stephen James Firefighter Dennis Kneisz Firefighter George Drzewicki Captain Tony Berlingeri Firefighter Robert Bryce Hyslop Firefighter Dan Wright Captain Nick Christou Captain Patrick Bothen Fire Safety Officer Linda Paterson Mechanic Howard Stott Captain Randy Knowles Firefighter John Todd Turner Volunteer Firefighter Darren Rust Communications Operator Paul MacDonnell Firefighter Robert Nicholson Firefighter Andrew Northrup **Firefighter Bruce Greenlaw** Firefighter Charlie Gandt Firefighter George Mahler Volunteer Captain Kevin Bochsler Firefighter Paul Sokoloski Firefighter Gord Selinger Captain Geoff Knowles Captain Enrico Floriani Mechanic William Cryer Firefighter Jim Duffy Firefighter Rex Hommersen Firefighter Mark O'Hoski Firefighter Greg Brown

January 1, 2017 February 1, 2017 February 1, 2017 February 12, 2017 February 25, 2017 February 28, 2017 April 1, 2017 March 20, 2017 April 1, 2017 April 12, 2017 April 30, 2017 May 1, 2017 May 1, 2017 May 1, 2017 May 10, 2017 June 1, 2017 June 1, 2017 June 30, 2017 July 1, 2017 July 1, 2017 July 30, 2017 August 1, 2017 September 30, 2017 October 1, 2017

Volunteer Firefighter Danny Cree Captain Melvin Elzinga District Chief James Ecker Communications Operator Steve Greene Firefighter John McCarthy Platoon Chief Patrick Gallacher Firefighter Michael Braun Firefighter John Manojlovich Captain Russ McLeod Firefighter Len Krawesky Firefighter Randy Wiepjes October 26, 2017 November 1, 2017 November 1, 2017 November 1, 2017 November 3, 2017 December 3, 2017 December 30, 2017 December 31, 2017 December 31, 2017



PROMOTIONS

Following the successful completion of a promotional process, twenty – two members of the Hamilton Fire Department were promoted in 2017. We congratulate them on their accomplishments and wish them the best as they continue to serve the citizens of Hamilton.

Platoon Chief Mark Middleton **District Chief Jim Ecker District Chief Paul Bloomfield** Captain Randy O'Connor Captain Brad Smythe Captain Tony Piedimonte Captain Chad Filoon Fire Safety Officer Jennifer Janicas Captain Andrew Polawski Captain Randy Hunt Captain Robert Jamieson Captain Steven Long **District Chief Tim Rankin** Captain Murray Code **Captain Steven Janicas** Platoon Chief Mark Hodge Captain Roberto Conti Captain Nolan Bertussi

January 1, 2017 February 1, 2017 February 1, 2017 February 12, 2017 February 25, 2017 June 30, 2017 July 1, 2017 July 25, 2017 November 1, 2017 November 1, 2017 November 1, 2017 December 1, 2017 December 1, 2017 December 31, 2017



APPOINTMENTS

In 2017, we welcomed sixty-one new personnel to the ranks of the Hamilton Fire Department.

Volunteer Firefighter Roger Coughlin Volunteer Firefighter Brian Doyle Volunteer Firefighter Nick Ozimok Volunteer Firefighter James Campbell Volunteer Firefighter William Rose Volunteer Firefighter Steven Saunders Volunteer Firefighter Matthew Bulloch Volunteer Firefighter Curtis Dawson Volunteer Firefighter Paul Memmolo Volunteer Firefighter Phillip Stephens Volunteer Firefighter Jared Hendrix Volunteer Firefighter Naveed Khan Volunteer Firefighter Mark Sorichetti Volunteer Firefighter Lukas Veldman Volunteer Firefighter Cameron Laman Volunteer Firefighter Victoria Caswell Volunteer Firefighter Chris Olszewski Volunteer Firefighter Laura Passant Volunteer Firefighter Aron Tigchelaar Fire Inspector Ryan Smy Fire Inspector Maria Harrison Firefighter Chad Thompson Firefighter Matthew Nield Firefighter Kyle Stryker Firefighter Adrian Macintosh Firefighter Gordon Kinnear Firefighter Marc Mills **Firefighter Kurt Hepditch** Firefighter David Campbell Firefighter Leo Maiolo Firefighter Jeremy Bertram

January 19, 2017 February 13, 2017 February 13, 2017 April 3, 2017 Firefighter Jaanus Anja Firefighter Jonathan Gallant Firefighter Arjan Veldman **Firefighter Sean Chilton** Firefighter Louis Jossa Firefighter Darryl Parsons-Taylor Firefighter Tyler Larman Firefighter Brian Mangaroo Firefighter Laura Guiducci Mechanic Donald Brooks **Firefighter Steve Welton** Firefighter Trista Bowles Firefighter Joseph Bench Firefighter Lucas DiNardo Firefighter Steven Ventresca **Firefighter Neil Carter** Firefighter Joshua Triemstra Firefighter Cody Easton **Firefighter Peter Mrksic** Firefighter Bryce Baiton Firefighter Kyle Hart Firefighter Victor Goni-Zarco Firefighter Matthew Stocco Firefighter Kyle McCann Firefighter Nathan Brown Firefighter Robert Valvona Firefighter Malinko Gajic Firefighter Dane Cameron **Communications Operator Emily Rusnov** Mechanic Jeremy Rowntree





BUDGET

The Hamilton Fire Department is a composite fire service made up of 591 career fulltime personnel and 270 volunteer paid-on-call firefighters. The overall operating budget in 2017 was \$88,011.710

Operating Budget



Capital Budget



In 2017, Hamilton City Council approved four Capital projects for the Hamilton Fire Department totalling \$6,582,400.

Rescue 25 – 2017 KME

2017 Capital Projects

Volunteer Division Protective Clothing/Uniforms \$500,000

(Purchase of bunker gear, firefighting boots and standardization of uniforms)

Fire Equipment Replacement

(Firefighting helmets, bunker gear, SCBA face pieces, cylinders, firefighting hose, end of life replacement of equipment, thermal imaging cameras and high angle rescue equipment)

Fire Apparatus Replacement

(Replacement apparatus in 2017 included 1 Aerial Truck, 1 Urban Pumper and 2 Rural Tankers)

10 Year Fire Service Delivery Plan

(Development of a plan that will update the City's Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment relative to Fire Services and address the optimization of resources to ensure that the Hamilton Fire Department delivers the required level of service)

\$680,000

\$5,202,400

\$200,000

FIRE OPERATIONS - SERVICE DELIVERY



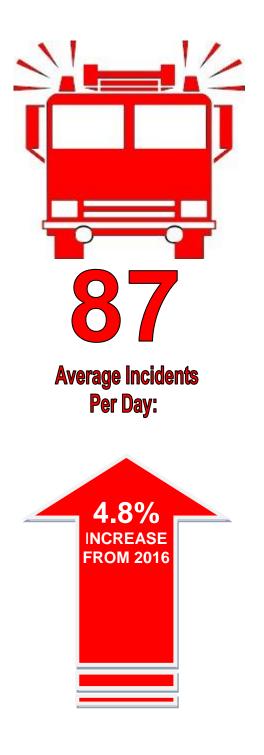
The Hamilton Fire Department responded to 31,615 incidents in 2017, an increase of approximately 4.8% over the total responses in 2016 (30,157). The majority of responses in 2017 (20,744 or 65.6%) are medical calls.

While statistics show that the percentage of medical calls has increased over the past three years; it is important to clarify that the Hamilton Fire Department does not respond to all medical calls along with the Hamilton Paramedic Service.

In an agreement with CACC (Central Ambulance Communications Centre) and the Hamilton Paramedic Service, the Hamilton Fire Department are tiered or dispatched to all Code 4 medical calls. Examples of Code 4 calls are as follows:

- 1. Absence of breathing / Cardiac or Respiratory Arrest
- 2. Unconscious / Unresponsive / Seizure
- 3. Choking / Sudden Shortness of Breath (onset within last 48 hours)
- 4. Other trauma;
 - Penetrating Trauma (i.e. gunshot or stabbing)
 - Pedestrian / Cyclist Struck (motorcycle, bicycle, etc)
 - MVCs on all rural roads and highways
 - Multiple Victim Incidents (including MVCs with suspected or confirmed multiple victims)
 - Falls Greater than 10 feet
- 5. Chest pain
- 6. Burns / Electrocution
- 7. Calls where the CACC Ambulance Communications Officer estimates the interval from the time the EMS unit is dispatched until the time it will arrive on-scene will exceed 15 minutes.

In addition to the above noted, the Hamilton Fire Department will be tiered on a response whenever there is any indication that there may be Hazardous Materials involved (including chemicals, spills of gasoline, diesel fuel, propane, etc.), a victim trapped, reports of fire, structural hazards, any rescue, and as requested by Paramedics on scene of an incident.



The Hamilton Fire Department responds to many varied types of incidents. Incident types have been grouped together into ten different response groups for reporting purposes. They are as follows:

- 1. Life Threatening Medical Call Includes all life threatening medical emergencies
- 2. Alarm Investigation (nothing found) -Includes 911 calls for perceived emergencies, alarm calls from other agencies including Police and Paramedic service. alarm calls received from outside monitorina agencies and alarm calls reported by citizens, carbon monoxide calls with no readings found
- Other Responses Includes responses to assist neighbouring Fire Departments, assistance to Police, responses cancelled while on route, incidents not found and assistance not required once on scene
- Rescue Includes vehicle collisions and extrication, building collapses, commercial, industrial, residential accidents, open water rescue, confined space rescue and low angle/high angle rope rescues
- Property Fires/Explosions includes structure fires, vehicle fires and no loss outdoor fires such as rubbish fires and grass fires
- Pre-Fire Conditions/Smoke/No Fire Includes responses for overheating of engines and/or mechanical devices, pot on the stove (no fire), other cooking related calls such as smoke, steam, toasting (no fire), fireworks calls and other pre-fire conditions
- 7. Open Air Burning Includes both authorized and unauthorized open air burning complaints
- 8. Reports Pending Classification Reports which require some additional information to be properly classified
- 9. Ruptures/Explosions Overpressure rupture with no fire of gas pipes, steam boilers and hot water tanks

2016 Responses by Response Group

RESPONSE GROUP	TOTAL RESPONSES	% OF RESPONSES
Life Threatening Medical Call	19643	65.14%
Alarm Investigation (Nothing Found)	3857	12.79%
Other Responses	2852	9.46%
Property Fires / Explosion	986	3.27%
Rescue	850	2.82%
Pre Fire Conditions / Smoke, No Fire	671	2.23%
Open Air Burning	670	2.22%
Gas Leak, CO, Hydro	606	2.01%
Reports Pending Classification	12	0.04%
Ruptures/Explosions (No Fire)	10	0.03%
TOTAL	30157	

2017 Responses by Response Group

RESPONSE GROUP	TOTAL RESPONSES	% OF RESPONSES
Life Threatening Medical Call	20744	65.61%
Alarm Investigation (Nothing Found)	4309	13.63%
Other Responses	2760	8.73%
Rescue	1112	3.52%
Property Fires / Explosion	793	2.51%
Pre Fire Conditions / Smoke, No Fire	671	2.12%
Gas Leak, CO, Hydro	623	1.97%
Open Air Burning	567	1.79%
Reports Pending Classification	30	0.09%
Ruptures/Explosions (No Fire)	6	0.02%
TOTAL	31615	

There has been a steady increase in the total number of incidents the Hamilton Fire Department responded to in the past 5 years from 26,359 in 2013 to 31,615 in 2017.

TOTAL INCIDENTS	10.00/
26359	19.9%
26352	OVER 5
28282	YEARS
30157	_
31615	
	INCIDENTS 26359 26352 28282 30157

In 2017, there were 39,758 responses by Hamilton Fire Department apparatus. The following chart provides an overview of apparatus responses over the past 5 years

YEAR	TOTAL APPARATUS DISPATCHES
2013	33300
2014	33504
2015	35385
2016	37816
2017	39758

Open Air Burning Responses

In 2017, the Hamilton Fire Department responded to 567 burning complaints across the City of Hamilton which is a 15.3% decrease from 2016. Open air burning in the City of Hamilton is only permitted in the rural areas of the City and only with the issuance of an open air burning permit. In reviewing the statistics for open air burning responses, it is noted that the highest number of responses occur in Ward 3, which is an urban area of the City and where open air burning is not permitted.

A review of statistics revealed that 69% of the responses for burning complaints occur in Wards 1 - 8, Wards that are entirely within the urban areas of the City.

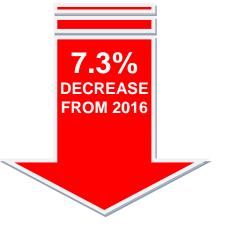
While the majority of Wards saw a decrease in open air burning responses, Wards 7, 9, 10 and 11 all saw an increase in responses. The following chart provides a breakdown of burning complaints responded to in each of the 15 Wards.

OPEN AIR BURNING RESPONSES	2017 RESPONSES
WARD 1	26
WARD 2	36
WARD 3	94
WARD 4	71
WARD 5	32
WARD 6	35
WARD 7	62
WARD 8	37
WARD 9	21
WARD 10	23
WARD 11	55
WARD 12	27
WARD 13	14
WARD 14	13
WARD 15	21
TOTAL	567



Structure Fires





In 2017, Hamilton Fire Department apparatus were dispatched to 380 first alarms (reported structure fires). Of that number, 272 (71.5%) of the calls were confirmed as a structure fire. Of the 272 confirmed fires, 32 were upgraded to a second or multiple alarm that saw additional resources dispatched to help mitigate the incident.

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There were a number of significant incidents in 2017 including a tragic house fire on June 15, 2017 at 36 Laird Street on the east mountain that claimed the lives of a mother and her two adult children.

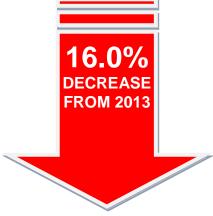
On October 24, 2017, Hamilton firefighters responded to a report of a house explosion at 134 Gibson Avenue in Ward 3 of the City. Upon arrival, a single family home had collapsed with an occupant trapped in the basement. Firefighters were able to quickly locate the occupant and safely rescue him from the collapsed home.





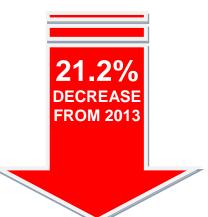
On November 5, 2017 at 9:15am, Hamilton firefighters were dispatched to St. Peter's Hospital at 88 Maplewood Avenue for a report of fire on the third floor. Upon arrival, firefighters reported heavy smoke and flames from the west wing of the hospital. Although this was an area not occupied by residents, heavy smoke was migrating into the patient care areas of the hospital and a determination was made to evacuate the patients. A unified incident command post was established on scene and all patients were safely evacuated from the scene. The total number of structure fires in the City of Hamilton has steadily decreased over the past 5 years from a high of 324 in 2013 to 272 in 2017.

YEAR	TOTAL FIRES
2013	324
2014	307
2015	302
2016	292
2017	272



Residential structure fires accounted for 73.5% of all structure fires in 2017. While the number of residential fires continues to decrease over the past 5 years, citizens continue to be injured or killed in their homes due to fires that are clearly preventable.

YEAR	TOTAL FIRES
2013	254
2014	215
2015	230
2016	216
2017	200



The number of commercial building fires has decreased from a high of 92 in 2014 to 72 in 2017.

YEAR	TOTAL FIRES
2	013 70
2	014 92
2	015 72
2	016 76
2	017 72



Structure Fires by Ward and Occupancy Type

73.5%

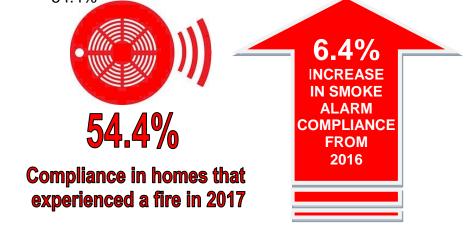
Of All Structure Fires

Occur In Residential

Properties

WARD	ASSEMBLY	INSTITUTIONAL	RESIDENTIAL	BUSINESS	MERCANTILE	INDUSTRIAL	TOTAL
WARD 1		1	13		1	1	16
WARD 2	2	3	42	1	5		53
WARD 3	2	2	38	1	1	3	47
WARD 4	1		19		1	2	23
WARD 5	1		12	1	2	3	19
WARD 6	1		11		4	1	17
WARD 7		1	9	1	1		12
WARD 8	1	1	15	1			18
WARD 9	2		7	1	1		11
WARD 10			3		1	1	5
WARD 11	1		9	1	1	6	18
WARD 12	3		5			1	9
WARD 13	1		5			1	7
WARD 14			3		1	2	6
WARD 15	1		9	1			11
TOTAL	16	8	200	8	19	21	272

Of the 200 homes that experienced a fire in 2017, 7 fires occurred in an out building such as a detached garage or shed where smoke alarms were not required. Smoke alarms were found operational and installed properly in 105 homes or 54.4%



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Smoke Alarm Compliance

Of the 200 homes in the City of Hamilton that experienced a fire in 2017, only 105 homes had smoke alarms installed and operational in accordance with the Ontario Fire Code. Fifty-seven homes were found to have no smoke alarms installed or smoke alarms not operational. In some cases, due to extensive damage caused by a fire or due to collapsed areas of a home that makes investigation difficult, it is undetermined if smoke alarms were installed and operational. If a fire occurred in a detached garage or shed on a residential property, the smoke alarm requirement is marked as not applicable.

WARD	IN COMPLIANCE	NOT IN COMPLIANCE	UNDETERMINED	N/A	COMPLIANCE
WARD 1	7	4	1	1	58.3%
WARD 2	24	10	7	1	58.5%
WARD 3	16	12	8	2	44.4%
WARD 4	6	8	5	0	31.5%
WARD 5	6	4	2	0	50.0%
WARD 6	6	2	1	2	66.6%
WARD 7	4	4	1	0	44.4%
WARD 8	8	6	1	0	53.3%
WARD 9	6	1	0	0	85.7%
WARD 10	3	0	0	0	100.0%
WARD 11	7	1	1	0	77.7%
WARD 12	4	1	0	0	80.0%
WARD 13	2	2	1	0	40.0%
WARD 14	2	1	0	0	66.6%
WARD 15	4	1	3	1	50.0%
TOTAL	105	57	31	7	200

WARD	CAUSE 1	CAUSE 2
Ward 1	Unattended Cooking	Careless Smoking
Ward 2	Careless Smoking	Electrical/Mechanical
Ward 3	Unattended Cooking	Careless Smoking
Ward 4	Unattended Cooking	Careless Smoking
Ward 5	Unattended Cooking	Electrical/Mechanical
Ward 6	Electrical/Mechanical	Arson
Ward 7	Careless Smoking	Electrical/Mechanical
Ward 8	Unattended Cooking	Undetermined
Ward 9	Unattended Cooking	Undetermined
Ward 10	Careless Smoking	Unattended Cooking
Ward 11	Undetermined	Electrical/Mechanical
Ward 12	Undetermined	Electrical/Mechanical
Ward 13	Careless Smoking	Electrical/Mechanical/Arson
Ward 14	Unattended Cooking	Electrical/Mechanical
Ward 15	Undetermined	Arson

Top 2 Causes of Residential Building Fires by Ward

PREVENTABLE FIRES

The top two causes of residential building fires in the City of Hamilton in 2017 were unattended cooking and careless smoking. These two top causes of residential fires are behavioral based causes and are clearly preventable.





HOUSE FIRES

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WARD	CAUSE 1	CAUSE 2
WARD 1	Electrical/Mechanical	Misuse of Combustibles
WARD 2	Arson	Maintenance
WARD 3	Misuse of Combustibles	Arson
WARD 4	Electrical/Mechanical	Undetermined
		Electrical/Mechanical/Careless
WARD 5	Maintenance	Smoking
		Careless Smoking /
WARD 6	Arson	Electrical/Mechanical
WARD 7	Electrical/Mechanical	Maintenance
WARD 8	Arson	Electrical/Mechanical
WARD 9	Electrical/Mechanical	Arson/Misuse of Combustibles
WARD 10	Maintenance	Undetermined
WARD 11	Electrical/Mechanical	Misuse of Combustibles
WARD 12	Arson	Misuse of Combustibles
WARD 13	Unattended Cooking	Arson
WARD 14	Undetermined	Electrical/Mechanical
WARD 15	Electrical/Mechanical	Unattended Cooking

Top 2 Causes of Commercial Building Fires by Ward

The top two causes of commercial building fires in the City of Hamilton in 2017 were electrical/mechanical problems and arson related fires.



#1 CAUSE OF COMMERCIAL BUILDING FIRES



All Responses by Ward

ALL RESPONSES BY WARD	2017 RESPONSES
WARD 1	2073
WARD 2	5357
WARD 3	4140
WARD 4	2486
WARD 5	2293
WARD 6	2030
WARD 7	2885
WARD 8	2376
WARD 9	1333
WARD 10	996
WARD 11	1509
WARD 12	1448
WARD 13	1145
WARD 14	626
WARD 15	916
N/A (Outside of Ward Boundary)	2
TOTAL	31615

Fire Fatalities

There were 6 fire fatalities in the City of Hamilton in 2017. Five of the fatalities occurred inside a residential dwelling and one in a garage. There was one multiple fatality incident in 2017. On June 15th, 2017 three occupants at 36 Laird Street perished in a fire in their home.

YEAR	FIRE FATALITIES
2013	4
2014	4
2015	5
2016	11
2017	6

Tragically, in each of the homes in which a fatality occurred in 2017, no working smoke alarms were found.



APPARATUS RESPONSES

There were 39,758 total apparatus responses in 2017 which represents an increase of 5% over 2016. The following charts provide a breakdown of all apparatus responses by station.



STATION 1	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Engine 1	1459
Ladder 1	735
Rescue 1	3619
Platoon 1	296
Supply 1	2
Total	6111

STATION 3	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Engine 3		2211
Total		2211

STATION 2	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Engine 2	1593
District 3	184
Car 73	490
Total	2267

STATION 4	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Ladder 4	943
Rescue 4	2222
Support 4	13
HAZMAT 2	12
Total	3190

STATION 5	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Engine 5	1343
Total	1343

STATION 7	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Engine 7		1129
Total		1129

STATION 9	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Engine 9		1977
Ladder 9		218
Total		2195

STATION 11	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Engine 11		2227
Total		2227

STATION 14	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Tanker 14		126
Total		126

STATION 16	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 16	213
Squad 16	263
Tanker 16	20
Total	496

STATION 18	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Pump 18	145	
Ladder 18	41	
Support 18	289	
Tanker 18	75	
Total	550	

STATION 6	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Pump 6		3722
Total		3722

STATION 8	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Engine 8		1977
District 2		218
Total		2195

STATION 10	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Ladder 10		1146
Total		1146

STATION 12	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 12	833
Rescue 12	1742
Total	2575

STATION 15	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Ladder 15		128
Total		128

STATION 17	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Engine 17	1170
Tanker 17	93
Total	1263

STATION 19	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 19	354
Tanker 19	95
Tower 19	63
Total	512

STATION 20	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Ladder 20		856
Total		856

STATION 23	TOTAL DISPATCHES	
Pump 23		1294
Support 23		6
Total		1300

STATION 25	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 25	80
Rescue 25	128
Tanker 25	32
Brush 25	8
Total	248

STATION 27	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 27	82
Squad 27	135
Tanker 27	42
Total	259

STATION 21	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Engine 21	873
Pump 21	51
Rescue 21	98
Tanker 21	60
Total	1082

STATION 24	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Engine 24	863
Ladder 24	43
Support 24	54
Tanker 24	85
Total	1045

STATION 26	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 26	34
Support 26	89
Tanker 26	34
Total	157

STATION 28	TOTAL DISPATCHES
Pump 28	112
Squad 28	209
Tanker 28	45
Total	366



Central Fire Station -1922

HOME FIRE SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAM

In response to the tragedies that occurred in 2016, the Hamilton Fire Department initiated the Home Fire Safety Education Program in May of 2017. This initiative has firefighters going door to door speaking with residents about the top two causes of house fires and checking smoke alarms. If no smoke alarms were found or smoke alarms were non-operational, new smoke alarms or batteries were installed free of charge. This highly successful program enhances the safety of residents in their homes and contributes to a healthy and safe community.

MONTH	TOTAL VISITS	SMOKE ALARMS INSTALLED	BATTERIES INSTALLED	CONTACTS
MAY	1122	140	30	923
JUNE	3483	407	95	2413
JULY	2077	260	43	1391
AUGUST	2446	268	61	1730
SEPTEMBER	1597	173	29	1385
OCTOBER	472	68	9	313
NOVEMBER	418	26	6	293
DECEMBER	98	9	0	78
TOTAL	11713	1351	273	8526





CITIZEN DASHBOARD

The Citizen Dashboard publishes performance data for services the City of Hamilton provides. The City of Hamilton is committed to improving the way it communicates with Hamiltonians about the performance of municipal services. The Dashboard enables citizens to learn more about how City services contribute to Hamilton's quality of life.



In support of the City of Hamilton's strategic priorities of a healthy and safe community and ensuring a high level of trust and confidence in our service delivery; on October 11, 2017, during Fire Prevention Week, the Hamilton Fire Department was the first municipal service to share their performance and service information data. This dashboard provides citizens an opportunity to access information about Hamilton Fire Department services as it relates to both commercial and residential occupancies.

amitence by intatives been deboard hands	on-fire-department			\$ 0 0 i
ITIZEN DASHBOARD	Hamilton Fire Department			
Hamilton Fire Department	Home + City Instativas + Otoer Dashboard + Hemilton Fire Depart	trat		
Responses Last 5 Years				-
incidents by Response Type				
All incidents by Ward				
Apparatus Responses Last 5 Years		El	AN AL	
Residential Service:				
Residential Structure Fires	The Hamilton Fire Department responds to many types of emergency calls inclu- carbon monoxide alarm calls, in addition, we provide specialized rescue services			
Alarmed & Ready	effective response includes dispatching the appropriate number and type of reso			
Top Residential Causes by Ward	and service.			
Public Events	We align with the City's Strategic Priorities:	Service streams:		
Home Fire Safety Education Program	Healthy & Safe Communities		~~~~	
Commercial Service	The goal of the Hamilton Fire Department is to respond and effectively deal with each call for assistance and deal with all citizens in a caring.		ER Ja	
Too Commercial Causes by Ward	compassionate manner.	. Howy	. <u>II.n % %</u>	
Vulnerable Occupancy inspections	Community Engagement & Partnerships	Residential fire service.	Commercial fire service information	
Commercial Structure Fires	The goal of the Hamilton Fire Department is to educate the public on services we provide and fire safety matters so ottoens understand what	The protection of lives and property is p		
Food Safety	behaviours contribute to fires and what actions are necessary to prevent fires from occurring.	Department for residential occupancies institutional occupancies.	Las well as commercial, industrial and	
Ontario Works	nee not second any			
Waste Collection & Diversion Programs	Responses			
Water Supply & Distribution	Total Responses Response Type	By Ward	Apparatus	
Housing Services			Responses	
I and Economic & Economic Pauloonant phonethip-commercial-cause by-well			0	

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK 2017

In addition to delivering fire safety education to school children across the City during Fire Prevention Week, in 2017 the Hamilton Fire Department held an open house at the Multi Agency Training Academy. The public were invited to meet with Fire Department personnel and talk about their jobs and fire safety while viewing a number of scenarios that included a car fire, a rope rescue and an auto extrication scenario.





During Fire Prevention Week, City Councillor's and members of the media were invited to spend an afternoon experiencing the work of firefighters.







BOX 43

The Box 43 Association was founded in 1950 to serve refreshments and food to firefighters at multiple alarm incidents. They began by serving coffee and drinks from the trunks of their cars. A homemade trailer was then constructed and served as the first canteen.

Later, a 1956, an older International Harvester step van was purchased and utilized as the canteen. In 1970, that old step van was replaced with a 1964 Chevrolet step van



which had been formerly used as a newspaper delivery van. All of the vehicles noted above were modified for use as a canteen by the members of the Box 43 Association. In the late 1980's, the Association was incorporated and received charitable status. Fundraising events took place and soon they were able to purchase a fully equipped 1992 Ford cube van, equipped with a refrigerator, stove, microwave and a built-in 35 gallon water tank. In 2016, a newer Rehab vehicle was purchased and placed into service.



In 2017, Box 43 was dispatched to 46 incidents including two in Burlington.

Dispatched by the Hamilton Fire Department via pagers, Box 43 was dispatched to 62 incidents in 2016 including one in Burlington, one in Thorold and one in Hagersville.



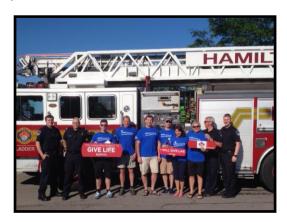
Regardless of the time of day; when called upon, this dedicated group of volunteers respond to incidents and provide an invaluable service to all first responders on scene.

BOX 43		TOTAL DISPATCHES
	2016	62
	2017	46
TOTAL		108

HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT IN THE COMMUNITY

The Hamilton Professional Firefighters Association (Local 288) and The Greater Hamilton Volunteer Firefighters Association (CLAC 911) continue to support the City of Hamilton with numerous charitable fundraising events and attendance at public events.















FIRE PREVENTION SERVICE DELIVERY

The Fire Prevention Division consists of a Chief Fire Prevention Officer, an Assistant Chief Fire Prevention Officer and 22 Inspection staff.

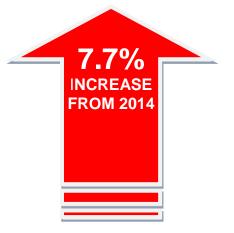
The Fire Prevention Division operates from three locations; the West District Office located at 55 King William Street (includes 2 Inspectors assigned to schools), the East District Office located at Fire Station 12 on Highway 8 in Stoney Creek and the Mountain District Office located at Fire Station 21 on Wilson Street in Ancaster.

The Fire Prevention Division are responsible for the enforcement of the Fire Protection and Prevention Act (FPPA), the Ontario Fire Code and various municipal by-laws dealing with fire safety, co-ordination of a juvenile firesetters program, a home and commercial inspection program by suppression personnel and a smoke alarm/CO alarm installation program. In addition, all Fire Prevention staff conducts public education initiatives that include talks, presentations and training sessions for school children, community service organizations, building staff and citizens.



The following chart provides an overview of the number of Inspections assigned to each of the inspection districts over the past 4 years. Intake inspections include but are not limited to items such as general inspections, licence inspections, complaints, permit inspections, occupant load inspections, carbon monoxide/smoke alarm complaints, propane reviews, pesticide notifications, fire drills etc.

YEAR	2014	2015	2016	2017
WEST DISTRICT	1236	1338	1284	1297
MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	797	750	862	863
EAST DISTRICT	515	439	589	561
SCHOOLS	120	116	122	153
TOTAL	2668	2643	2857	2874



The Fire Prevention Division is mandated to inspect and witness fire drills in all vulnerable occupancies in the City of Hamilton on an annual basis. Once again, Fire prevention staff successfully completed those inspections in order to protect some our most vulnerable residents.

YE	AR			TOTAL INSPECTIONS	% COMPLETION
	2016	119	6593	119	100.00%
	2017	119	6593	119	100.00%

Public Events and Public Contacts

The Hamilton Fire Department attends hundreds of public events annually which include visits to schools and conducting presentations. In 2017, Hamilton Fire Department staff interacted with approximately 62,338 citizens at these community events and through the Home Fire Safety Education Program.

PUBLIC CONTACTS	2015	2016	2017
CHILDREN	38324	37261	32807
ADULTS	28759	14054	17331
SENIORS	4970	3345	3674
HOME FIRE SAFETY EDUCATION			8526
TOTAL	72053	54660	62338



Alarmed and Ready Program

Complementing the new Home Fire Safety Education Program, the Hamilton Fire Department's Alarmed and Ready program provides for the installation of smoke alarms/batteries and carbon monoxide alarms in owner occupied homes of citizens who cannot afford them, unable to install them themselves and for senior citizens.

This program requires citizens to make contact with the Department and an appropriate time is scheduled for the installation. In conjunction with this, firefighters who are in attendance at a property and who find no operational detectors, will install the required number to ensure the safety of the residents.

The following chart provides an overview of smoke alarm/battery installations over the past four years.

Recognition for the success of this program must be provided to Union Gas who each year generously provide a donation to the Hamilton Fire Department for the purchase of smoke alarms.

YEAR	2014	2015	2016	2017
SMOKE ALARMS INSTALLED	88	134	135	317
BATTERIES INSTALLED	96	123	145	247
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TRAINING DIVISION SERVICE DELIVERY

The Training Division consists of the Chief of Training, five Training Officers and one Medical Training Coordinator. This Division operates from the Multi-Agency Training Academy located at 1227 Stone Church Road East.



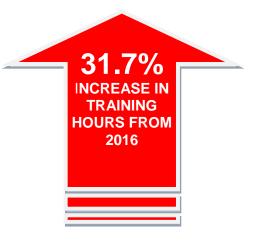
The Hamilton Fire Department uses a comprehensive internal program of training for its members and provides for attendance of promotion oriented personnel at community college, off-site resources, and the Ontario Fire College. The Training Division also administers promotional examinations. The Training Division is responsible for continuous training, upgrading, competence and proficiency of all personnel and develops training procedures for compliance with legislated standards. This covers all service areas of the Department.

The Training Division is responsible for the co-ordination of training of new firefighter recruits, both career and volunteer; as well as the ongoing training of personnel on a daily basis. Training programs are directed primarily to the Fire Suppression Division and to other divisions where necessary. Each firefighter participates in a minimum of 180 hours of on-going theoretical and practical training each year. The Training Division also serves as research and development for fire suppression technology matters, the dissemination of new information in the field, and the updating of all manuals.

In 2017, the Training Division facilitated the training of two Career firefighter recruit classes which resulted in the successful graduation of 37 firefighters. Each recruit class was 18 weeks in length. In addition, a single Volunteer recruit class was held which resulted in the successful graduation of 19 Volunteer recruit firefighters. The Volunteer firefighter recruit class involved 26 weeks of training.

Through the preparation and implementation of a comprehensive training syllabus for personnel, 143,438 hours of training was completed in 2017 on a wide variety of subjects within the career and volunteer divisions of the Department.

TRAINING HOURS	2016	2017
CAREER DIVISION	96773	133207
VOLUNTEER DIVISION	11814	10231
TOTAL	108857	143438





COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION SERVICE DELIVERY

The Communications Division consists of a Chief Communications Officer, 4 Communications Officers (1 per Platoon) and 8 Communications Operators.



This Division is responsible for the intake of emergency calls, dispatching of apparatus, relocation of apparatus and monitoring of all radio transmissions. In addition, this Division handles non-emergency calls, station mapping requirements, monitoring of hydrant status and road closures, documenting alarm system testing and maintains information within the Departments Computer Aided Dispatch system (CAD). The Communications Division also receives and processes non-emergency requests for service from the public, emergency agencies and other public safety services.

The Communications Centre is a co-user of the Hamilton municipal trunked radio system that enhances coordinated delivery of public safety emergency services in the City. Other users of the trunked radio system include the Hamilton Police Service, Hamilton Public Works and Hamilton Airport.

In 2017, the Communications Division dispatched over 31,000 calls for assistance. In addition, there were numerous calls for assistance in neighbouring municipalities in which Hamilton dispatchers fielded calls and dispatched resources.

Communications Division staff provided 341 hours of training for firefighters who would then be able to fill-in as an operator as required. Over 160 hours of internal training with Communications personnel was also completed.

MECHANICAL DIVISION SERVICE DELIVERY



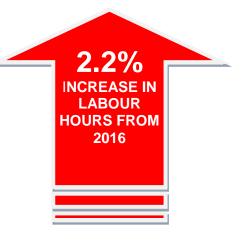
The Mechanical Division of the Hamilton Fire Department is staffed by a Chief Mechanical Officer, a Breathing Apparatus Technician, one Shipper/Receiver, one Storekeeper and 8 mechanics.

Effective delivery of emergency responses by the fire suppression force depends on adequate and

reliable vehicles. The Mechanical Division of the Hamilton Fire Department is charged with the maintenance and repairs of the Department's approximately 100 apparatus, ancillary equipment, and the ambulance fleet for the Hamilton Paramedic Service. This Division is also responsible for writing specifications for fire apparatus and maintaining firefighting clothing, breathing apparatus and equipment.

Under a Chief Mechanical Officer, licensed mechanics, a self-contained breathing apparatus technician and a storekeeper carry out regular comprehensive programs of maintenance, testing and repair. Emergency repairs are done at all hours and there is staff attendance at multiple alarm fires when required. Routine maintenance is performed on apparatus on three-month, six-month, and annual cycles. The work of the division is wide ranging, including major vehicle work customarily contracted out in many other fire departments. In 2017, Mechanical staff completed 1,252 repair orders and registered 7,400 labour hours on Fire Department vehicles and 2,090 labour hours on Paramedic Service vehicles. An additional 423 hours were spent on fire equipment repairs and 21.5 hours on Paramedic equipment repairs.

LABOUR HOURS	2016	2017
FIRE APPARATUS	7331	7400
FIRE EQUIPMENT	343	423
PARAMEDIC APPARATUS	1985	2090
PARAMEDIC EQUIPMENT	53	21
TOTAL	9712	9934



CORPORATE RADIO SERVICE DELIVERY



The Corporate Two-Way Radio section is staffed by a RF Systems Specialist and a Radio Technician.

The division is responsible for maintaining a twelve channel radio system operating through ten tower sites across the City. This radio system provides service to approximately 3000 radio units (mobile and portable) across the City of Hamilton.

Public safety users of the radio system include the

Hamilton Fire Department and the Hamilton Police Service. Public Works users include Roads, Parks, By-law, Traffic, and Water Departments. Other partner agency users include the Hamilton Beach Rescue Unit (HBRU) and Hamilton International Airport.

Radio channels are logically divided into over 150 talk groups for use by public safety and public works personnel. Communications personnel have the ability to patch radio channels with neighbouring Departments such as Burlington, Grimsby and Puslinch for interoperability when working at emergency scenes.

The Corporate Radio team also maintains the alphanumeric paging system infrastructure used to page out volunteer firefighters to emergency calls. In addition, the fire station alerting system that alerts on-duty career firefighters in stations of an emergency call is also maintained by Corporate Radio personnel. Mobile computing hardware installed in fire apparatus is maintained by the Corporate Radio team. All fire apparatus have a Windows based mobile computer complete with Wi-Fi, a wireless modem, and GPS tracking.

Fire Department Inventory

- 112 mobile radios
- 497 portable radios
- 80 mobile computers
- 7 radio dispatch consoles at Fire Communications Centres
- Fire station alerting system
- 9 site Alphanumeric paging system

Public Works inventory

- 450 mobile radios
- 550 portable radios
- 2 radio dispatch consoles at the Customer Contact Centre

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SERVICE DELIVERY

The City of Hamilton is required to adopt an Emergency Management Program through an approved by-law. Originally created in 2003, the by-law was rewritten in 2005 and more recently in 2017to reflect the evolution of the program.

The City of Hamilton is required to have an up-to-date Emergency Plan, which must be provided to the Office of Fire Marshal and Emergency Management. In 2012, the municipal Emergency Plan underwent a significant re-write to reflect the adoption of the Incident Management System as the municipal emergency response model. This internationally recognized system is a standardized approach to emergency management encompassing personnel, facilities, equipment, procedures, and communications, operating within a common organizational structure. It has been adopted provincially and led by Emergency Management Ontario in partnership with over 30 organizations.



The Emergency Plan is reviewed annually with the 2017 review being completed in December.

Municipalities must have a designated Community Emergency Management Coordinator (CEMC) and a designated Emergency Information Officer. Currently, the City of Hamilton has two designated CEMCs whom have completed the required training under Ontario Regulation 380/04. The CEMCs are responsible for the day-to-day activities of the Emergency Management Program and report to the Office of the Fire Chief for day-to-day operations and to the Emergency Management Program Committee (EMPC) for guidance on the implementation of the Emergency Management Program.

Municipalities must also develop a community risk profile and identify critical infrastructure. The City of Hamilton has developed and maintains a Hazard

Identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) which identifies and assesses the various risks and hazards to public safety that could give rise to emergencies in the City of Hamilton. The HIRA was reviewed in 2017 with input from stakeholder agencies and subject matter experts.

The top ten identified risks for Hamilton are:

- 1. Hazardous Materials Incident/Spills Fixed Site Incident
- 2. Flooding
- 3. Hazardous Materials Incident/Spills -Transportation Incident
- 4. Human Health Emergency
- 5. Energy Emergency (Supply)
- 6. Extreme Ice Storm
- 7. Explosion & Fire
- 8. Transportation Emergency Rail
- 9. Critical Infrastructure Telecommunications
- 10. Active Shooter / Violent Situation





The Emergency Management Program maintains a listing of critical infrastructure within the City, both private and publicly owned. This was reviewed and updated in 2017.

The Municipal Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) is the location where senior municipal staff convenes to manage the emergency from the strategic level. The

EOC supports the needs of tactical responders and manages the impact on the community at large while ensuring the delivery of municipal services continues.

The City of Hamilton primary EOC is a 24/7 state-of-the-art facility and is one of only a handful of stand-alone facilities in the province. In the event that the primary location is affected by the emergency, the City has an alternate EOC at the Municipal Service Centre in Stoney Creek. At this facility, the Saltfleet Room and Council Chambers are transformed into our EOC facility. The EOCs have a variety of communication systems including internet phones, landlines, email, fax and radios.

The Emergency Management Program conducted 9 emergency exercises in 2017 with approximately 260 participants:

- Information Team Training/Exercise
- Reunification Phone Line Exercise
- Reception Centre Exercise
- Community and Emergency Services Exercise
- Public Works Exercises
- City-wide Exercises (2)
- Notification Exercise
- Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Disaster Recovery Exercise

The Emergency Management Program delivered and 11 training sessions in 2017 for approximately 500 participants:

- Fort McMurray Fire Speaker
- IMS 200
- IMS 200 Reception Centre
- IMS 300- EOC Management
- IMS 300 Operations
- IMS 300 Logistics
- IMS 300 Planning
- Orlando Nightclub Shooting Speaker
- Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Disaster Funding
 Presentation
- EOC Management Team Training
- Hamilton Police IMS in the EOC Training

A variety of public education and awareness initiatives were implemented in 2017. The Emergency Preparedness Week campaign '5 days to Emergency Preparedness' was a success with a coordinated media campaign to reach a broad spectrum of the local population. In addition to broad awareness initiatives, several audiences were targeted such as seniors, City Housing Hamilton residences, and neighbourhood groups.

increase in PARTICIPANTS FROM 2016

25%

30%

INCREASE IN

PARTICIPANTS

FROM 2016

In addition to the legislated requirements, the following plans were developed or are in the process of being updated as part of the continual improvement of the Emergency Management Program and the corporation's ability to respond to emergency events:

- Emergency Social Services Plan
- Emergency Reception Centre Plan
- Reunification Phone Line Procedure
- Debris Management Plan
- Emergency Preparedness Guide for employees
- Special Events Emergency Planning
- Memorandums of Understanding update
- Volunteer Management Plan

Community partners such as the Red Cross, Salvation Army and the Good Shepherd Home often assist the City in responding to City emergencies. The Emergency Management Program has established a partnership with these agencies to provide Emergency Social Services to evacuees and those affected by the emergency.

The City of Hamilton will continue to develop and maintain the Emergency Management Program and will enhance current partnerships that will enable the City of Hamilton to work effectively together under the stress of a major disaster.



HAMILTON FIRE STATIONS AND APPARATUS

STATION 1

STATION 3

STATION 5

STATION 7

STATION 9

STATION 11

STATION 14

STATION 16

35-43 JOHN STREET NORTH	STATION 2	1400 UPPER WELLINGTON STREET
PLATOON 1		DISTRICT 3
ENGINE 1		ENGINE 2
LADDER 1		CAR 73
RESCUE 1		
SUPPLY 1		
965 GARTH STREET	STATION 4	729 UPPER SHERMAN AVENUE
ENGINE 3		RESCUE 4
		LADDER 4
		SUPPORT 4
		HAZMAT 2
1227 STONE CHURCH ROAD EAST	STATION 6	246 WENTWORTH STREET NORTH
ENGINE 5		PUMP 6
COMMAND UNIT		
225 QUIGLEY ROAD	STATION 8	400 MELVIN AVENUE
ENGINE 7		DISTRICT 2
		ENGINE 8
125 KENILWORTH AVENUE	STATION 10	1455 MAIN STREET WEST
NORTH		
ENGINE 9		LADDER 10
LADDER 9		
24 RAY STREET SOUTH	STATION 12	199 HIGHWAY #8
24 KAI SIKEEI SOOTH	STATION 12	STONEY CREEK
ENGINE 11		PUMP 12
		RESCUE 12
595 CHAPEL HILL ROAD	STATION 15	415 ARVIN AVENUE
ELFRIDA TANKED 14		STONEY CREEK
TANKER 14		LADDER 15
939 BARTON STREET EAST	STATION 17	363 ISSAC BROCK DRIVE
STONEY CREEK		STONEY CREEK
PUMP 16		ENGINE 17
SQUAD 16		TANKER 17
TANKER 16		

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STATION 19	3303 HOMESTEAD DRIVE
	MOUNT HOPE
	PUMP 19
	TOWER 19
	TANKER 19

STATION 21	365 WILSON STREET
	ANCASTER
	ENGINE 21
	PUMP 21
	RESCUE 21
	TANKER 21

STATION 24	256 PARKSIDE DRIVE
	WATERDOWN
	ENGINE 24
	LADDER 24
	SUPPORT 24
	TANKER 24

STATION 26	119 LYNDEN ROAD
	LYNDEN
	PUMP 26
	SQUAD 26
	TANKER 26

STATION 28	1801 BROCK ROAD
	FREELTON
	PUMP 28
	SQUAD 28
	TANKER 28

STATION 18	2636 HIGHWAY 56
	BINBROOK
	PUMP 18
	LADDER 18
	SUPPORT 18
	TANKER 18
STATION 20	661 GARNER ROAD
	ANCASTER
	LADDER 20

STATION 23	MEMORIAL SQUARE
	DUNDAS
	PUMP 23
	SUPPORT 23

STATION 25	361 OLD BROCK ROAD GREENSVILLE
	GREENSVILLE PUMP 25
	RESCUE 25
	TANKER 25
	BRUSH 25

795 OLD HIGHWAY 8
ROCKTON
PUMP 27
SQUAD 27
TANKER 27



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SUPPORTING A HEALTHY AND SAFE COMMUNITY

HAMILTON FIRE DEPARTMENT 1227 STONE CHURCH ROAD EAST HAMILTON, ONTARIO L8W 2C6

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