CITY OF HAMILTON

DECISION of the
ELECTION COMPLIANCE AUDIT COMMITTEE
established under Section 81.1(1) of the Municipal Elections Act, 1996

A COMPLIANCE AUDIT APPLICATION RESPECTING THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCES OF CHAD COLLINS, CANDIDATE, WARD 5

With respect to the meeting held on July 13, 2015 to deal with the application submitted by Ms. Vivian Saunders concerning the Financial Statement of Chad Collins:

The Candidate may not have correctly calculated the inventory using replacement value as required by the Municipal Elections Act, 1996 (MEA); however the candidate did make his best estimate and the variance would not have resulted in exceeding the spending limit.

The refund of the nomination fee has been included in the total contributions.

The Applicant’s statement that the voting day party, brochures and phone expenses appear excessive is speculative and is not supported by substantive evidence.

In relation to the concerns about associated corporations, there was evidence heard by the Committee during the public hearings that satisfied the Committee that the corporations are not associated with one another as under Section 72 of the MEA.

Accepting a contribution from a contributor who exceeds the $5,000 contribution limit is not a contravention of the MEA by the Candidate unless he has explicit knowledge of that fact and does not return the contribution as soon as possible. The Applicant did not establish this on reasonable grounds. The Committee is of the opinion that the Candidate was not aware of possible excess contributions.
The Candidate stated that his voting day party commenced prior to the polls being closed; therefore the voting day party does not qualify as an expense not subject to the spending limit. However, correctly including it as an expense subject to the spending limit, would not bring the total expenses to an amount greater than the Candidate’s spending limit.

The Committee is in agreement that there has been a contravention of the MEA, namely with respect to the allocation of the voting day party expenses, and as such it has the authority to order a compliance audit. In the Superior Court rulings of Lancaster v. Compliance Audit Committee et al., 2013 ONSC 7631 and Vezina v. Parrish, 2013 ONSC 2368, it was held the ordering of compliance audit is discretionary.

The Committee, after considering all of the evidence and submissions, finds that a compliance audit is not warranted.

Dated at the City of Hamilton July 28, 2015

Written and approved by the following Committee Members:
Ross Anderson, Chair
Barry Gilbert, Vice Chair
John Klein
Linda Lister